**1.What are the primitive data types in C Language?**

Ans:- Those data types which are pre defined in library and not create by user. Example – int, char, float, double

**2. What kind of statements can be written outside the function body?**

Ans:- Declaration statements

**3. What is the size of float type variable?**

Ans:- 4 byte

**4. What is the value of an uninitialised variable?**

Ans:- Garbage value

**5. What is the difference between float and double?**

Ans:- size of float variable is 4 byte, size of double variable is 8 bytes

**6. What is the full form of ASCII?**

Ans:- American Standard Code for Information Interchange

**7. What is the difference between a keyword and a function?**

Ans:- **keywords** have a predefined meaning in library files or by compiler and cannot be used as variable name but **function** is a block of code which help the code to read with ease and it is made by user, Some are pre defined also.

**8. Explore the use of type modifiers in C language.**

Ans:- There are two types of type modifiers

1. Size modifier —> short, long —> **short** use for store small values and decrease the size limit of variable. **long** use for store large values and extends the size limit of variable s
2. Sign modifier —> signed, unsigned —> **Signed** use for negative sign and **unsigned** use for positive values

**9. Can you assign a character constant in an int variable?**

Ans :- yes

**10. State the following statement as true or false –”Every block of code is a function”.**

Ans :- No